





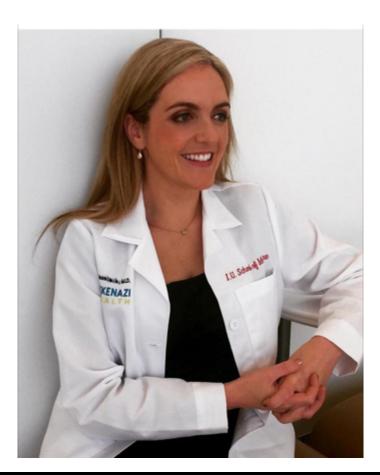
Gender Affirmation Surgery

Sidhbh Gallagher MD **Plastic Surgery April 2019**





Plastic Surgery





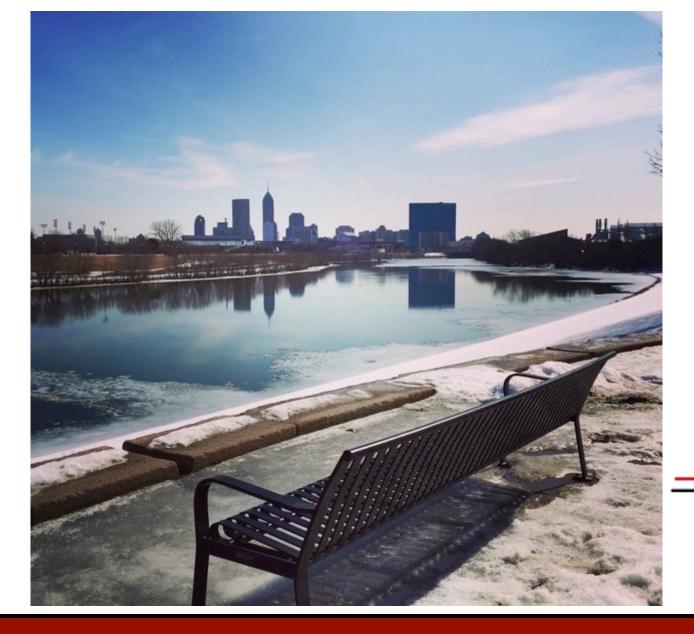




Ghent, Belgium & Sydney, Australia







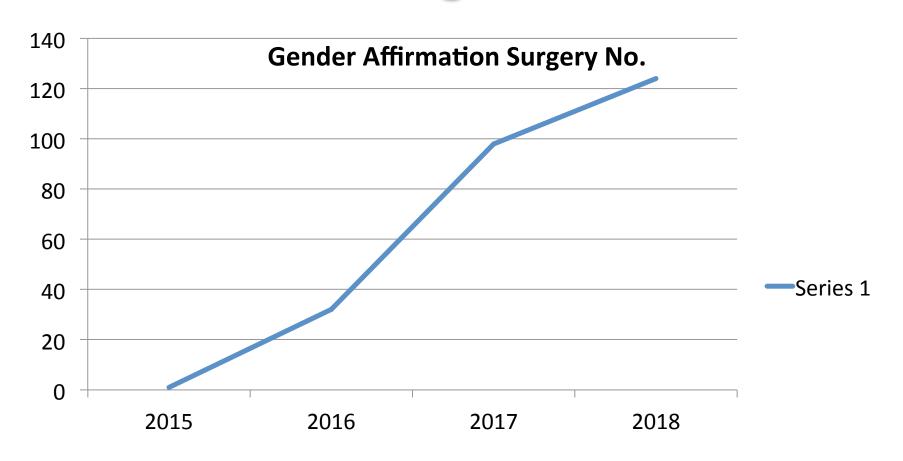
Warning! Steep Learning Curve



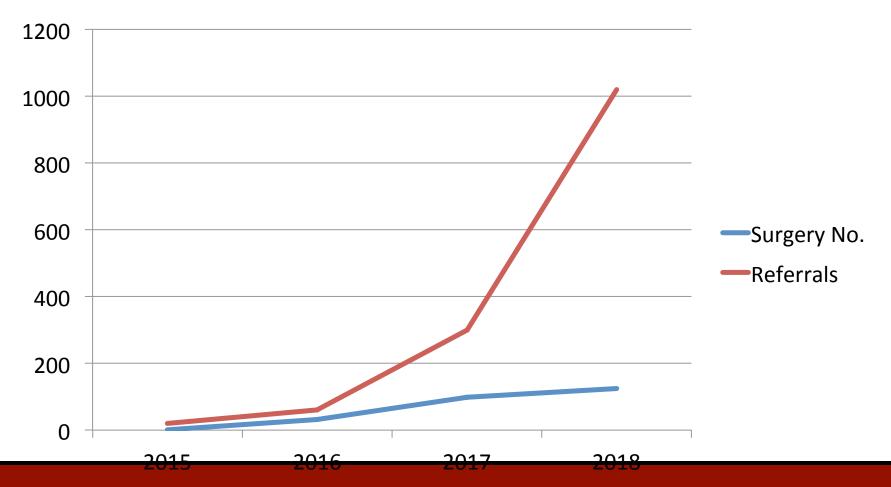
Indiana University Gender Affirmation Surgery

- Taken Care of over 300 Patients
- Built a large referral base (85 referrals a month)
- Destination Service –(40% Out of State)
- Medico-legal Partnership

Progress



Huge Rise in Referrals



How Many Patients?

"the prevalence of a selfreported transgender identity in children, adolescents and adults ranges from 0.5 to 1.3%"

Sex Health. 2017 Oct;14(5):404-411. doi: 10.1071/SH17067. Epidemiology of gender dysphoria and transgender identity. Zucker KJ.



Standards of Care

for the Health of Transsexual, Transgender, and Gender Nonconforming People

The World Professional Association for Transgender Health

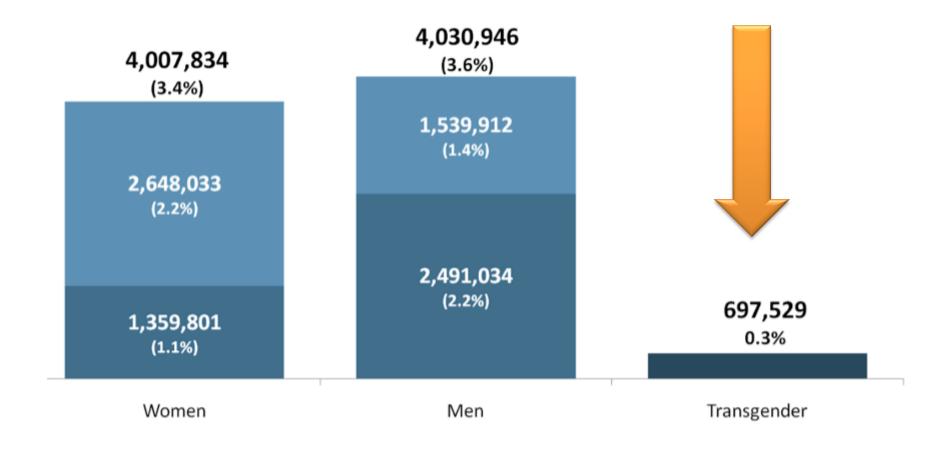


Estimates of Prevalence

- 1:11,900 to 1:45,000 for male-to-female individuals (MtF)
- 1:30,400 to 1:200,000 for female-to-male (FtM) individuals.

Sweden (Wålinder, 1968, 1971), the United Kingdom (Hoenig & Kenna, 1974), the Netherlands (Bakker, Van Kesteren, Gooren, & Bezemer, 1993; Eklund, Gooren, & Bezemer, 1988; van Kesteren, Gooren, & Megens, 1996), Germany (Weitze & Osburg, 1996), and Belgium (De Cuypere et al., 2007).





http://williamsinstitute.law.ucla.edu/wp-content/uploads/Gates-How-Many-People-LGBT-Apr-20



How Many Patients?

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Etiology

Psychological

Sociological

Cultural

Biological

• All of the above...





Gender identity

Gender Identity describes a person's internal sense or perception of their gender and how they identify

- Examples: male/man, female/woman, transgender, genderfluid, agender
- Identity is different than expression and different than sex assigned at birth
- Gender identity and sexual orientation are different and independent of one another

Sexual Orientation

Sexual orientation describes a person's romantic, emotional, or sexual attraction to another person or persons

- Examples: lesbian, gay, bisexual, queer, pansexual, polysexual, asexual, demisexual
- Identity, not behavior

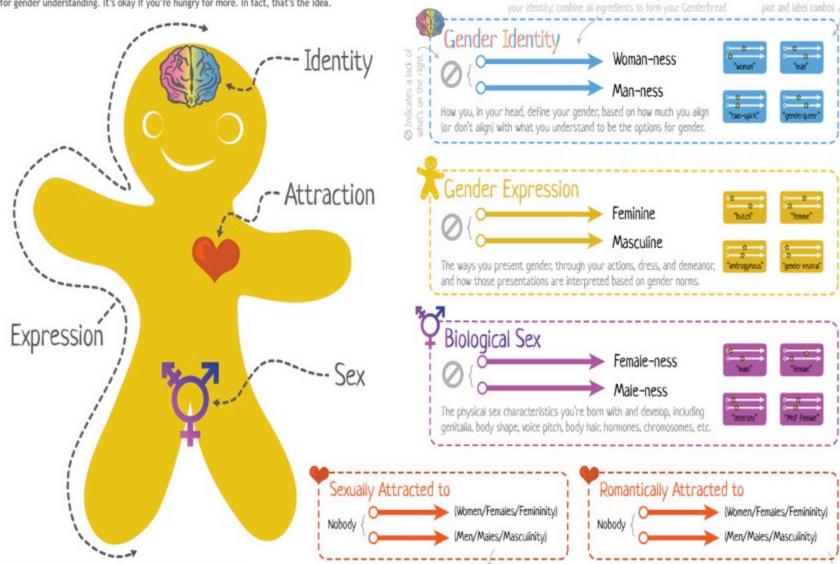
4 (of infinite) possible

The Genderbread Person v3.3

Gender is one of those things everyone thinks they understand, but most people don't. Like Inception. Gender isn't binary. It's not either/or. In many cases it's both/and. A bit of this, a dash of that. This tasty little guide is meant to be an appetizer for gender understanding. It's okay if you're hungry for more. In fact, that's the idea.

by it's pronounced METROSEXual.com

In each grouping, circle all that apply to you and plot a point, depicting the aspects of gender toward which you experience attraction



Treatment of Tuberous Breasts



Surgical Techniques for The Transmasculine Patient





Double Incision vs. Keyhole



Masculoplasty

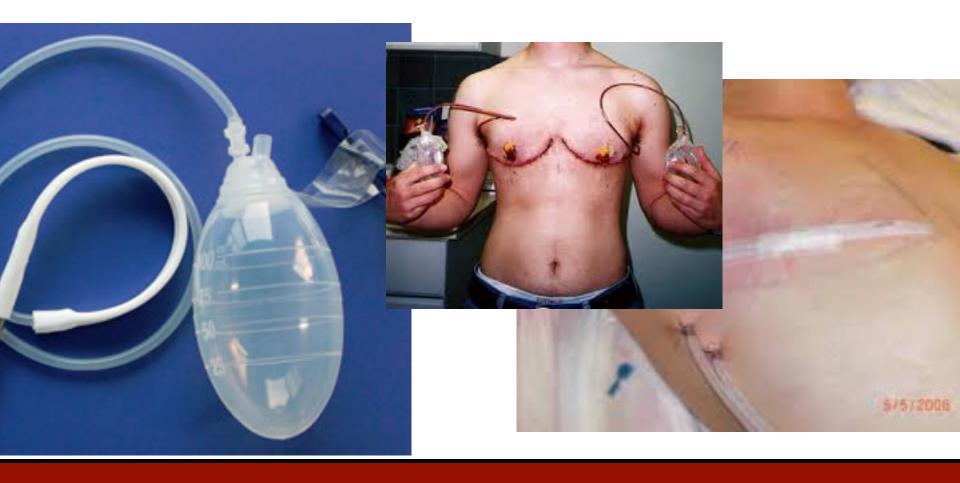


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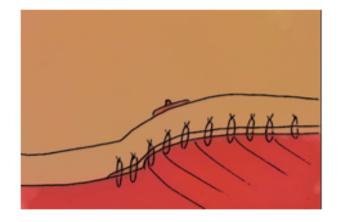
Drain Free

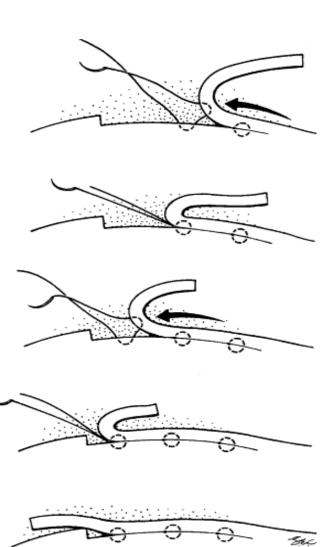


With Drains











Masculoplasty

Breast Surgery

A Drain-free Technique for Female-to-Male Gender Affirmation Chest Surgery Decreases Morbidity—Outcomes From 306 Consecutive Masculoplasties

Sidhbh Gallagher, MD, Farrah Rahmani, BS, Arielle Russell, BS, and Stephen Duquette, MD

Purpose: One of the most common surgical procedures for gender affirmation surgery of the chest is mastectomy. The aims of this article are to review the outcomes of a single surgeon's experience with a drainless technique, which we named "masculoplasty" and compare morbidity in this group to previously published outcomes where drains were used.

Methods: A retrospective chart review was undertaken of all patients presenting to a single surgeon for gender-affirming chest surgery. A literature review was 2016.² In our practice, the most commonly performed procedure to achieve masculinization when skin resection is required is a simple mastectomy with free grafting of the reduced, masculinized nipple. Patients undergoing this technique have been previously shown to have the lowest incidence of secondary surgeries.^{3,4}

We present 153 consecutive patients who underwent 306 mastectomies or "masculoplasties" performed with the use of progressive tensions of the project of the

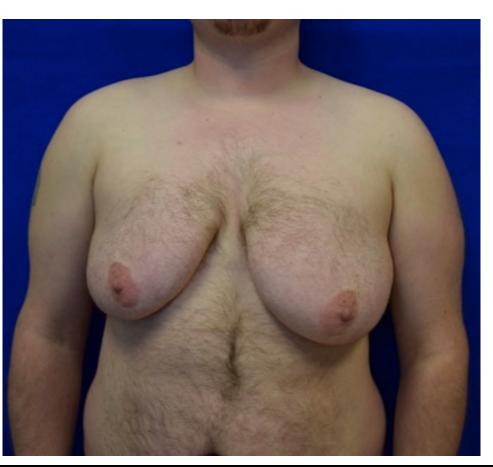
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Comparison Results

- Hematoma 1/306 vs. 39/1334, p= 0.0036
- Acute reoperation (1/306 vs. 42/1334, p= 0.0024).
- There was a shorter length of hospital stay in the drain-free group
- Lower revision rate (8/306 vs.116/1334, p=0.0001) this remained significant when patients with less than 6 months follow up were excluded (8/230 vs. 116/1334 p=0.0052).













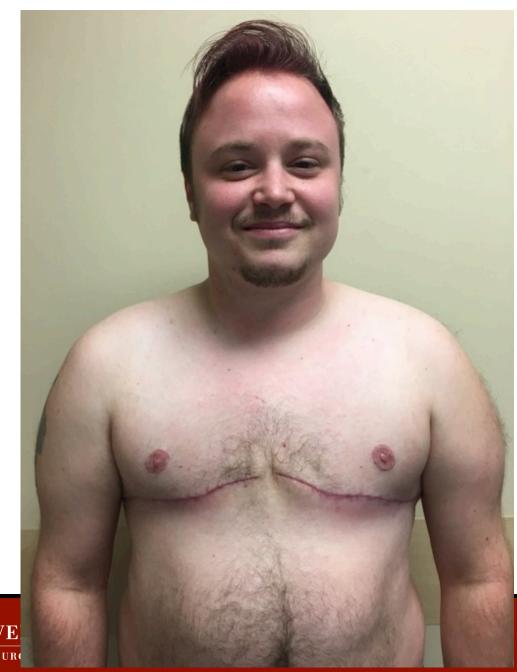
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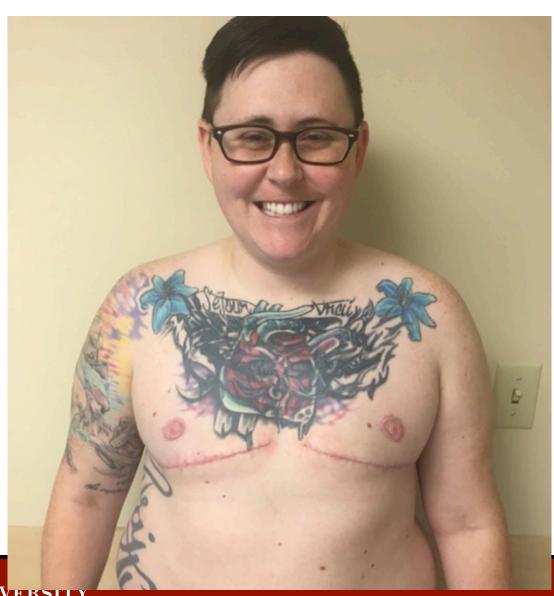
















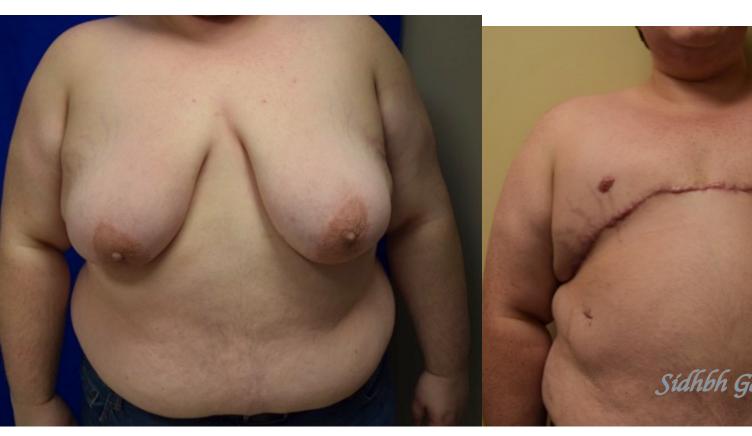




Masculoplasty for Larger Men













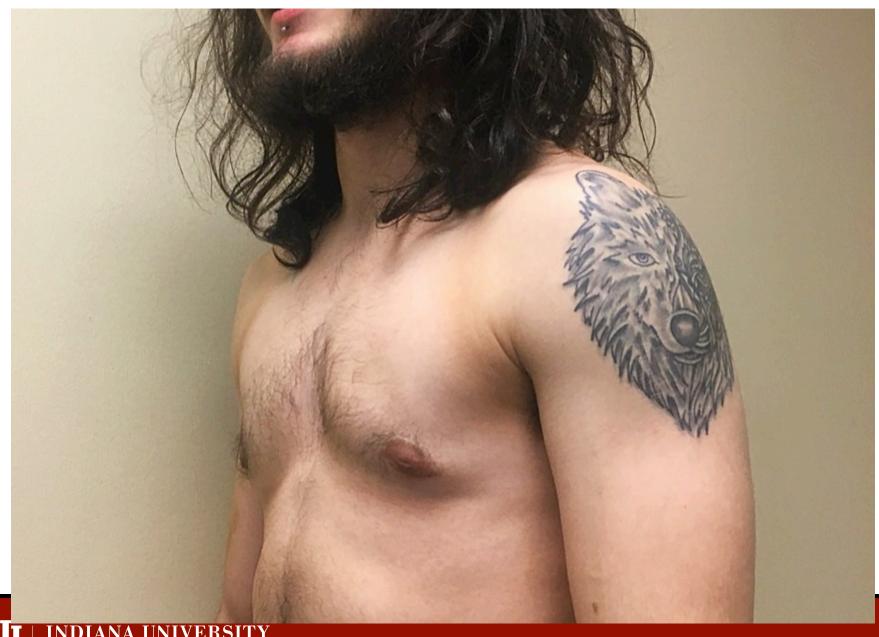


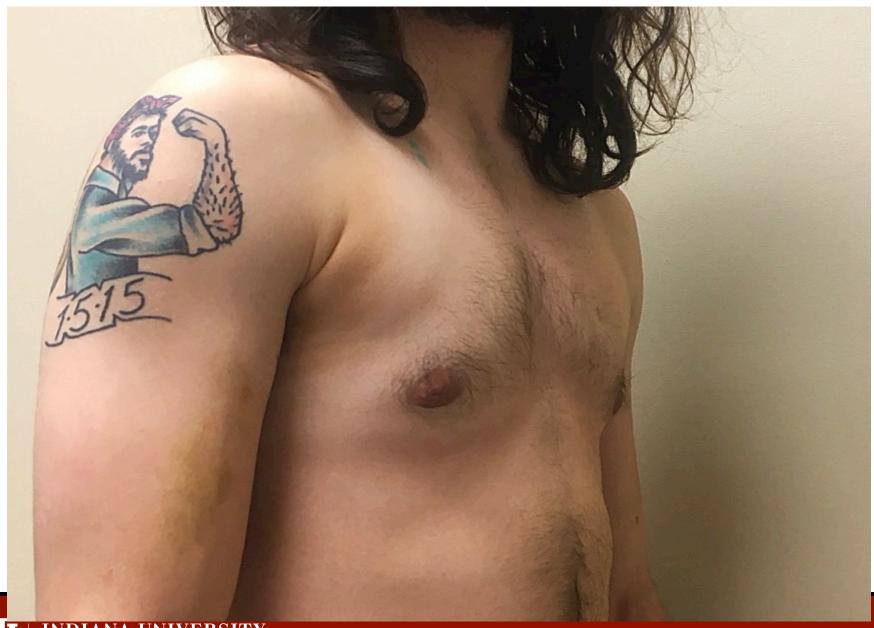


Double Incision vs. Keyhole







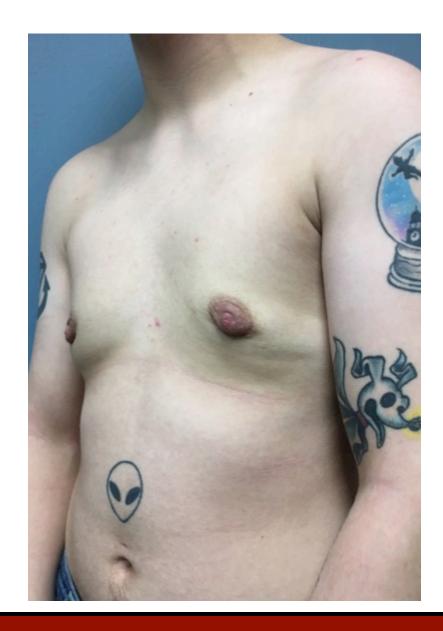


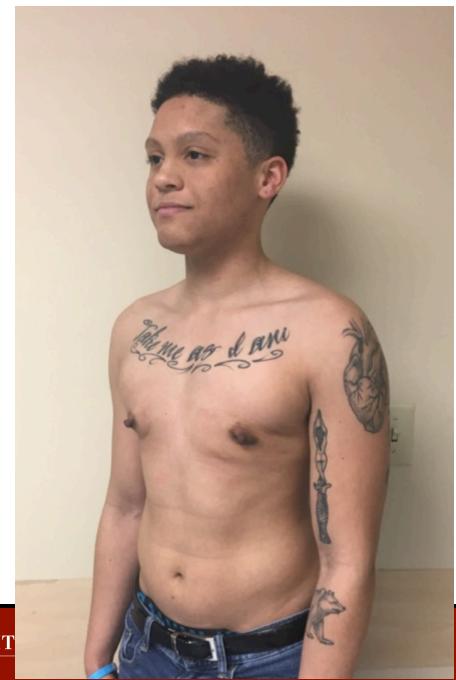
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Hysterectomy and Top Surgery is Possible at the same time!

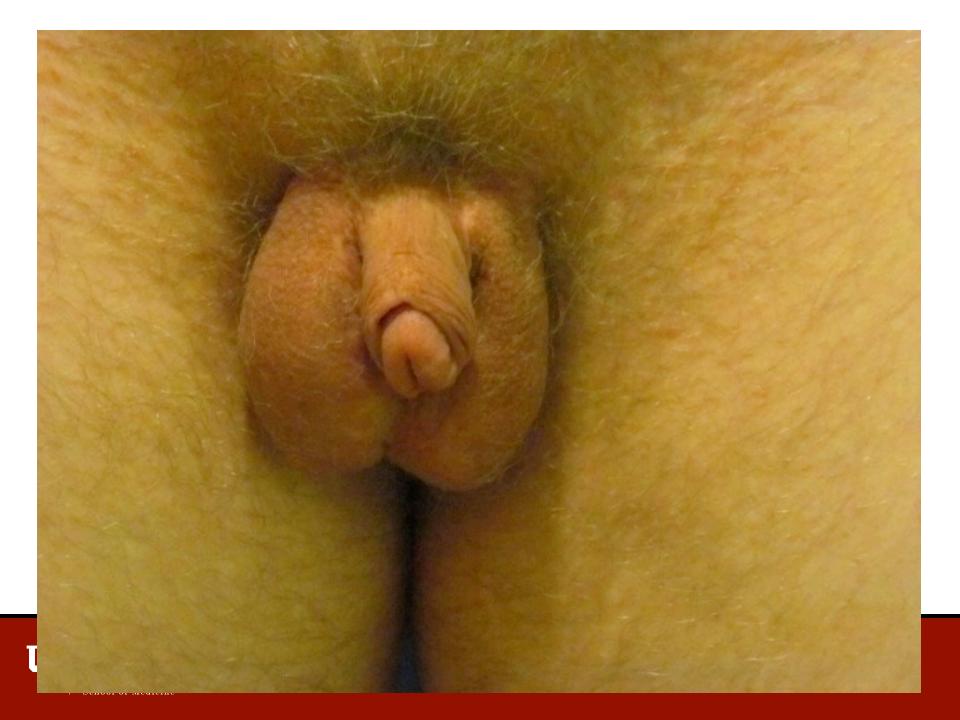
Metoidioplasty vs. Free Flap Phalloplasty



Metoidioplasty → toward male organs

- With or without urethral lengthening
- With or without scrotoplasty
- With or without vaginectomy

Metoidioplasty vs. Free Flap Phalloplasty



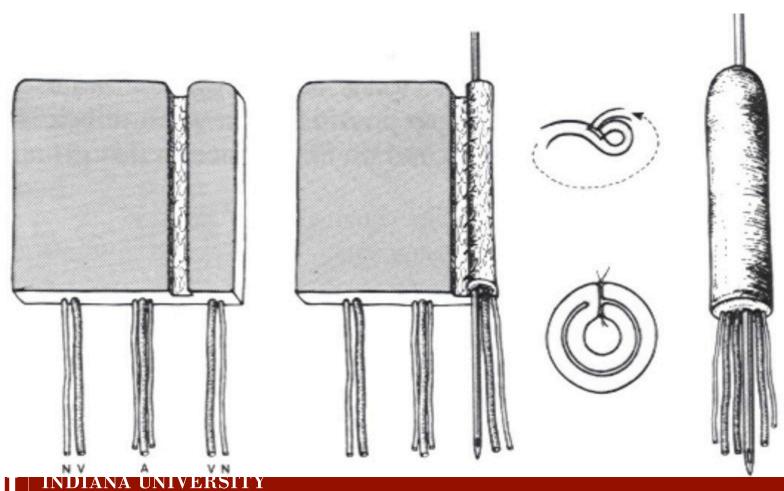


























Implants





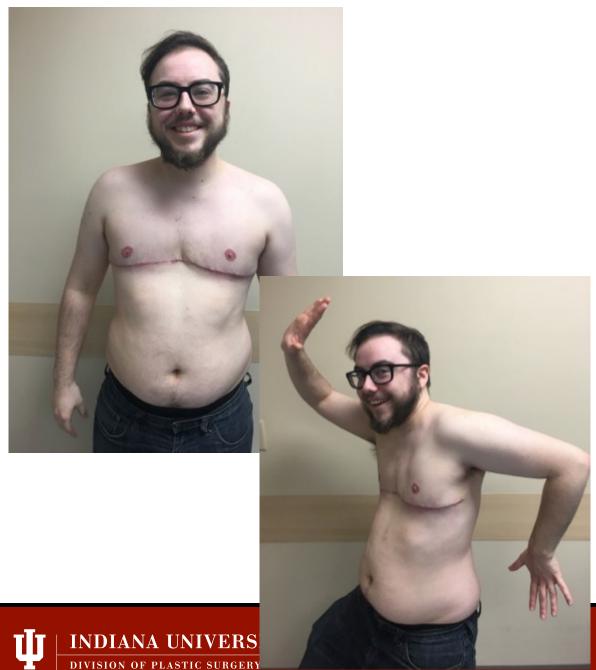
Working With The Trans* Community

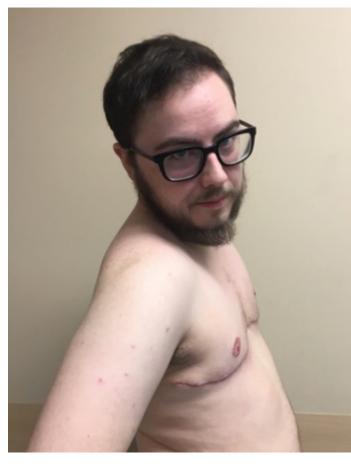












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