Intro to Ultrasound - MSK

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DMU-COM

Thomas Benzoni, DO, AOBEM, FACEP

Declarations

- COI
 - None
- Agency
 - none
- FDA indication deviation
 - None; these are "radiation emitting devices"
- Rules of engagement
 - Adult conversation

Uses, now and future

- "Stethoscope of the future"
 - Maybe...
- Answer a specific question
 - All good answers start with a good question.
 - Shock? Which type (tank, pump, pipes)?
 - Dead? Cardiac motion?
 - Pregnant? Where/wellbeing?
 - Access? Seeing is believing...and cannulating.
 - Fluid? Can I put a needle in there?
 - Inflated? Better than X-ray!

Objectives

- Basic physics
- Machine operation
- Probe (transducer) types
- Probe manipulation
- Obtaining an image
- Artifacts
- Reporting/exporting/admin (at session end)

Physics

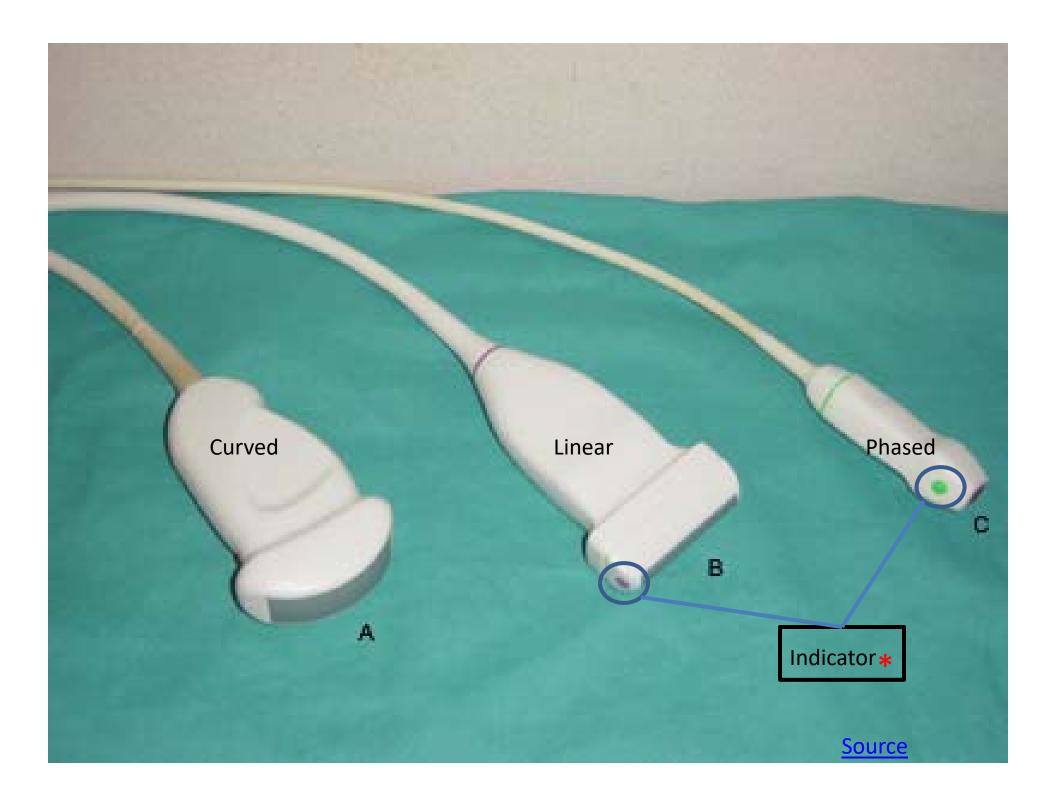
- Sound wave sent, received (transducer)
 - Transducer sends briefly, listens long
- Time received time sent = distance
- \triangle of incidence = \triangle of reflection*
 - Source of artifact (anisotropy)
- Reflection occurs at tissue-type interfaces
- Frequency: α data density, 1/α penetration*
 - Impacts probe selection

Machine operation

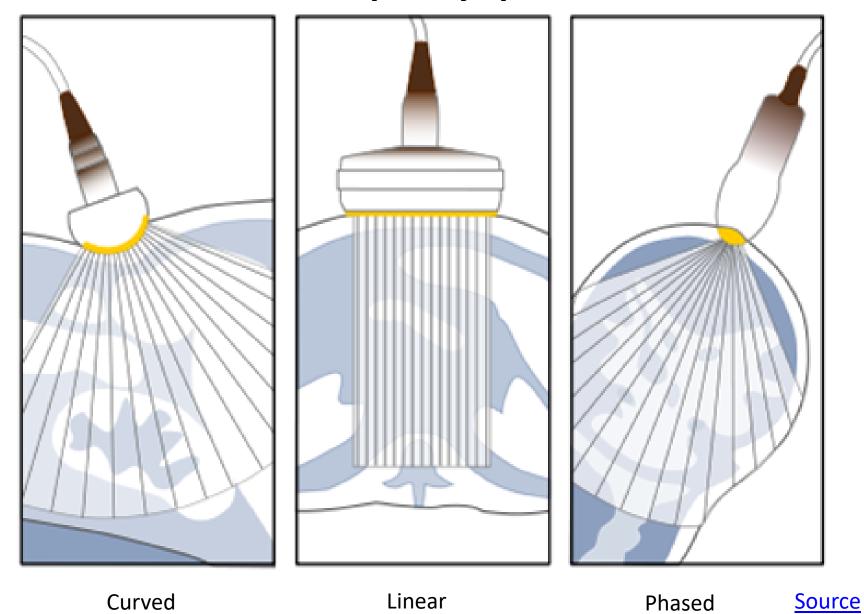
- Knobs ("knobology")
 - Gain
 - Does NOT change probe; adds "volume" to signal
 - Depth
 - Does NOT change probe
 - Instructs software to ignore signals after certain time interval
 - Doppler
 - Signal approaching = red, receding = blue (convention)
 - M-Mode, etc.

Probe types

- Curved array
 - Curved line source, higher frequency; abd. studies
- Linear array
 - Straight line, highest frequency; vascular, MSK
- Phased array
 - Point source, lower frequency, greater penetration
 - Trauma workhorse, cardio (fast response)
- Etc......



Beam/inquiry patterns



Probe manipulation

- Probe marker orientation
 - Indicates location of specific beam
- Probe indicator positioning
 - Radiology convention: "Right hand generator rule"
 - Cardiology convention: "Left hand motor rule"
- Plane terminology:
 - Near field, far field
 - Leading edge, receding edge

You must think in 2D/plane terms!!

Probe manipulation

- This is important!
- Fan = tilt at same contact point
- **Sweep** = move into new plane
- Slide = move to extend same plane to side
- Rock = tilt to extend plane side to side
- Rotate = precise turn about central axis
 - PRACTICE!

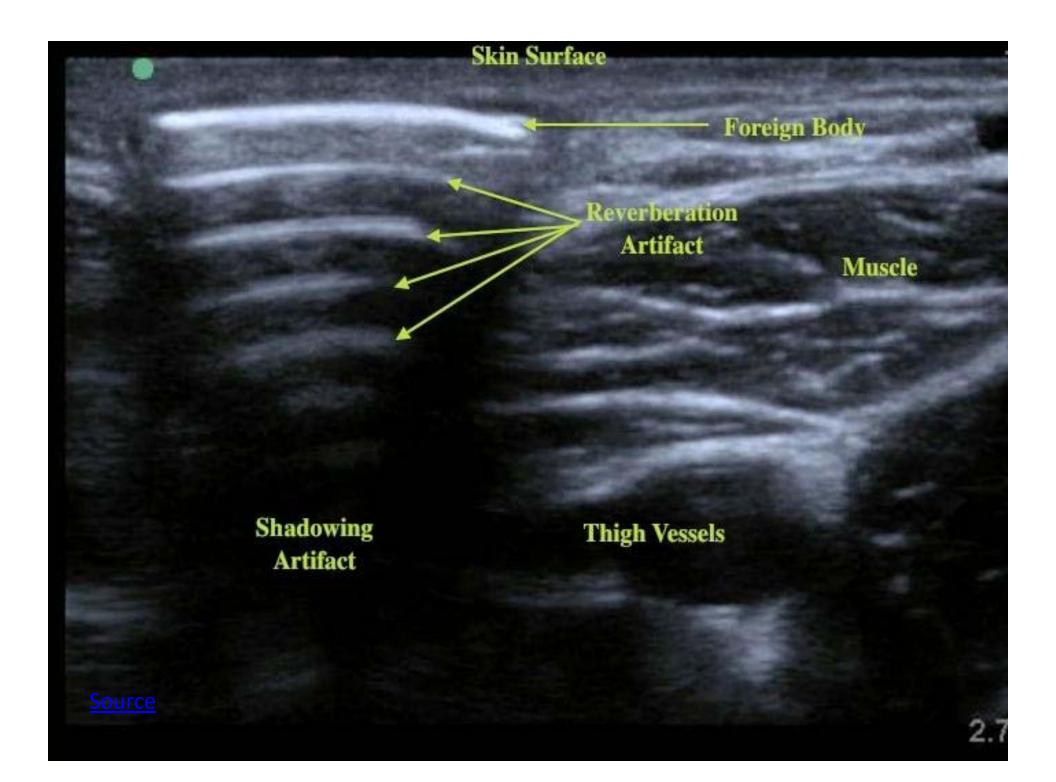
Obtaining an image

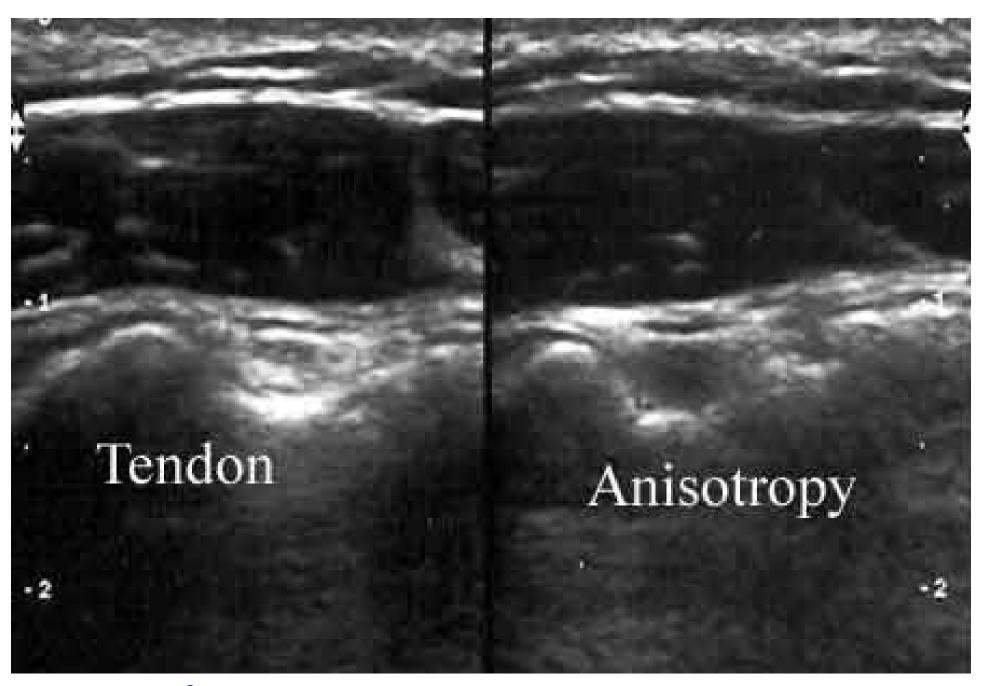
"Chance favors the prepared mind." -Pasteur

- Mental preparation
 - What's your question? What is relevant anatomy?
- Select most appropriate probe
- Apply gel (Benzoni's rule: more gel)
- Manipulate probe
- Freeze or cine?

Artifacts

- Origins: timing, scatter, energy
- Timing creates reverb
 - Look for frequency/repetition effects
- Anisotropy
 - Beam scatter; look from several angles
- Energy absorption
 - Augmentation
 - Shadowing





Source





Resources

- Ohio State University everything you need.
- U Virginia Medical U/S curriculum
- M-Turbo user manual
- Vascular access
 (Yes, nurses are doing this.)
- Dawson/Mallen
 - Special ACEP offering; superb iBook.
- Who can order a test? (CMS)
- AFP: POCUS in Family Medicine